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May 19, 2005

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS

Name of Case: Worker Appeal

Date of Filing: October 28, 2004

Case No.: TIA-0293

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (the Applicant) applied to the Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Worker Advocacy (OWA) for assistance in filing for state workers' compensation benefits. The Applicant was a DOE contractor employee at a DOE facility. An independent physician panel (the Physician Panel or the Panel) found that the Applicant did not have an illness related to a toxic exposure at DOE. The OWA accepted the Panel's determination, and the Applicant filed an appeal with the DOE's Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA). As explained below, we have concluded that the Appeal should be denied.

I. Background

A. The Relevant Statute and Regulations

The Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 as amended (the Act) concerns workers involved in various ways with the nation's atomic weapons program. See 42 U.S.C. §§ As originally enacted, the Act provided for two Subpart B provided for a Department of Labor (DOL) programs. program providing federal compensation for certain illnesses. 20 C.F.R. Part 30. Subpart D provided for a DOE assistance program for DOE contractor employees filing for state workers' compensation benefits. Under the DOE program, an independent physician panel assessed whether a claimed illness or death arose out of and in the course of the worker's employment, and exposure to a toxic substance, at a DOE facility. 42 U.S.C. § 7385o(d)(3); 10 C.F.R. Part 852 (the Physician Panel Rule). The OWA was responsible for this program.

The Physician Panel Rule provided for an appeal process. An applicant could appeal a decision by the OWA not to submit an application to a Physician Panel, a negative determination by a Physician Panel that was accepted by the OWA, and a final decision by the OWA not to accept a Physician Panel determination in favor of an applicant. The instant appeal was filed pursuant to that Section. The Applicant sought review of a negative determination by a Physician Panel that was accepted by the OWA. 10 C.F.R. § 852.18(a)(2).

While the Applicant's appeal was pending, Congress repealed Subpart D. Ronald W. Reagan Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Pub. 108-375 2005, L. No. (October 28, 2004) Authorization Act). Congress added a new subpart to the Act, Subpart E, which establishes a DOL workers' compensation program for DOE contractor employees. Under Subpart E, all Subpart D claims will be considered as Subpart E claims. Id. § 3681(g). addition, under Subpart E, an applicant is deemed to have an illness related to a workplace toxic exposure at DOE if the applicant received a positive determination under Subpart B. Id. § 3675(a).

During the transition period, in which DOL sets up the Subpart E program, OHA continues to process appeals of negative OWA determinations.

B. Procedural Background

The Applicant was employed as a health protection technician and a health protection supervisor at the Savannah River Site (the plant). He worked at the plant for approximately 37 years, from 1954 to 1989 and again from 1990 to 1992.

The Applicant filed a Subpart B application with DOL and a Subpart D application, claiming bladder cancer. The DOL forwarded the application to the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) for a radiation dose reconstruction. The Applicant elected to have his claim presented to the Panel without awaiting the results of the NIOSH dose reconstruction. The OWA forwarded the Subpart D application to the Physician Panel, which issued a determination for the bladder cancer. The considered the Applicant's smoking history, epidemiologic data, and his occupational exposures. The Panel found that there was no evidence establishing a link between the Applicant's workplace exposures and his bladder cancer. See Physician's Report. OWA accepted the determination, and the Applicant appealed.

In his appeal, the Applicant disagrees with the Panel's finding. The Applicant contends that the Panel based its findings on a small internal radiation dose and gave little credence to penetrating radiation that may cause cell deformities that could lead to cancerous growths. See Applicant's Appeal Letter.

II. Analysis

Under the Physician Panel Rule, independent physicians rendered an opinion whether a claimed illness was related to exposure to toxic substances during employment at a DOE facility. The Rule required that the Panel address each claimed illness, make a finding whether that illness was related to toxic exposure at the DOE site, and state the basis for that finding. 10 C.F.R. § 852.12. The Rule required that the Panel's determination be based on "whether it is at least as likely as not that exposure to a toxic substance" at DOE "was a significant factor in aggravating, contributing to or causing the illness." Id. § 852.8.

The Applicant's argument that the Panel did not give sufficient weight to certain radiation data does not indicate Panel error. The Applicant's argument is a disagreement with the Panel's medical opinion, rather than an indication of Panel error. If the Applicant receives a NIOSH dose reconstruction that he believes supports his claim, he should raise the matter with the DOL.

As the foregoing indicates, the Applicant has not demonstrated Panel error. Accordingly, the appeal should be denied. In compliance with Subpart E, the claim will be transferred to the DOL for review. The DOL is in the process of developing procedures for evaluating and issuing decisions on these claims. OHA's decision denial of this appeal does not purport to dispose of the DOL's review of the claim under Subpart E.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

- (1) The Appeal filed in Worker Advocacy, Case No. TIA-0293, be, and hereby is, denied.
- (2) The denial pertains only to the DOE appeal and not to the DOL's review of this claim under Subpart E.

(3) This is a final order of the Department of Energy.

George B. Breznay Director Office of Hearings and Appeals

Date: May 19, 2005